# THE DLM-080 FUTURE DIGITAL RECORDER – USER'S MANUAL

VERSION 1.1

## WIK7253.

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#### TECHNICAL DATA

#### **DIMENSIONS:**

- assembly hole size: 142+1mm X 237+1mm
  - assembly depth including terminals: 55mm
- outside dimensions: 265x152

#### WEIGHT:

•

- 1250 g (RECORDER)
- 800 g (TRANSFORMER)

#### **POWER SUPPLY:**

~24V(AC), 220-24V TRANSFORMER INCLUDED IN THE SET

#### **STRUCTURE:**

SINGLE ELEMENT, "FRONT PANEL"-TYPE

**PROTECTION CLASS:** (ACCORDING TO IEC 529)

- from terminal side: IP 20
- from front side: IP 65

#### **HUMIDITY:**

0..75 % (OF RELATIVE HUMIDITY)

#### **TEMPERATURE:**

- ambient: -20..+70 °C
- working: 0..+60 °C

#### **OUTPUTS:**

- max 12 RELAY OUTPUTS 250V,
  - TOTAL
  - CURRENT INTENSITY OF CONNECTED RELAYS: Icmax=4A
  - 4 TRANSISTOR OUTPUTS, Iomax=100mA (optionally)

#### **INPUTS:**

- 8 MEASUREMENT CHANNELS WITH INPUT
  - PT-100 MEASUREMENT RANGE FROM -100.0°C TO +400.0°C, RESOLUTION (ACCURACY) 0.1°C
  - CURRENT SIGNAL: 0..20 mA , 4..20 mA (RANGE: 3 DIGITS)
- BINARY CONTROL INPUT: 0-220V AC (0-24 V AC)

#### **DIGITAL COMMUNICATION:**

 SERIAL PORT 1xRS-232 (PRINTER) 1xRS-485 (MASTER COMPUTER)

#### **RECORDING MEMORY:**

• 2000 samples / channel for RAM memory = 32KB (STANDARD)

#### 1. APPLICATIONS

DLM-080 Digital Recorder is a multifunctional microprocessor device used for the purposes of recording, control and visualisation of manufacturing processes in many branches of industry. In particular it is designed to co-operate with master computer (software for PC computers delivered together with the recorder), which also allows performing analysis of registered data in graphic form. Moreover, it is possible to make printouts in for documentation purposes.

#### 2. THE DLM-080 RECORDER CONSOLE

All operations of the DLM-080 Recorder are initiated from its console (Fig.1).



Keys on the console are arranged in the following keypads :

- the status block -1- with the following functions :
- real-time display 1.1
- function keys 1.2 with signal diodes 1.3
- parameter value increase / decrease keys 2.5
- 8 measurement channel status keypads -2- with the following functions :
- read out / set value display 2.1
- display field showing the measure of a physical value being measured 2.3
- function keys with signal diodes 2.4
- parameter value increasing / lowering keys 2.5

All information as regards working mode of the DLM-080 Recorder (values of preset and read out parameters, equipment ON / OFF signalling, etc.) is displayed on digital displays and by diodes.

It is necessary to press proper keys in order to save data in the DLM-080 Recorder memory, correct data and call required controller functions.

#### 3. THE DLM-080 RECORDER CONFIGURATION

Immediately after turning the Recorder on all of its displays will become active, and then, after approximately 3 sec. the Recorder will switch to the working mode and execute operations according to preset configuration.

In order to ensure that the Recorder work complies with user's guidelines, the following configuration operations must be carried out :

- set (check) the real-time clock readout (the SET CLOCK mode)
- set (check) data setting in the SETUP memory (the SETUP mode)
- scale (check) readouts on measurement channels (the SERVICE [SERWIS] mode)
- set (check) displaying of dimension of measured physical values (the DIMENSION [*WYMIAR*] mode)

#### 3.1 SPECIAL FUNCTIONS (RECORDER CONFIGURATION)

In order to modify / initiate settings of the Recorder configuration parameters, whole range of special functions has been introduced. They permit to carry out the above-mentioned operations.

Special functions will be available after carrying out of the following steps :



After 3 seconds the symbol **F-00** will be displayed in the real-time display field.



At this moment enter number of a special function by pressing the in the real-time display field.

Accept the selected special function by pressing the  $\int \frac{SET}{ke_{1}}$  key

#### 3.1.1 SPECIFICATION OF SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

F00	switches to the SET	UP mode
F01	switches to the WY	MIAR [DIMENSION] mode
F02	switches to the SER	RVICE mode
F03	free	
F04	switches to the SET	C-CLOCK mode
F05	program version	
F06-F98	free	
F99	clears recording but	ffer

#### 3.2 REAL-TIME CLOCK SETTING (THE SET CLOCK MODE)

#### F04 SPECIAL FUNCTION

The unit will switch to the SET CLOCK mode after selecting the F04 special function. The following will be displayed after selecting this function:

- word **CODE** in time display field
- words **SET UP** in channel 1 and 2 display field

At this moment, by pressing the keys in channel 3 and 4 display field, enter access code necessary for setting the clock parameters (standard code is: 111 111).

Accept set values by pressing the



In case if correct value is entered, the DLM-080 will switch to the SET-CLOCK mode (diodes of real-time clock display blinks and the diode built-in in the  $\underbrace{\text{SET}}_{\text{Key is on}}$  key is on).

#### 3.2.1 Setting hours and minutes (the SET-CLOCK mode)



• by pressing the keys, set correct hour and minute in the following format: HOUR:MINUTE.

#### 3.2.2 Setting month and day (the SET-CLOCK mode)



• by pressing the keys, set correct month and day in the following format: MONTH:DAY.

3.2.3 Setting year

• press the key twice – the diode built-in in the key will generate pulsating light.

by pressing the keys, set year in the following format: --

:YEAR.

#### 3.2.4 Resetting the real-time clock to zero

• press the key in the display field of channel no. 3 and hold it for approximately 3 sec.

# 3.3 MODIFICATION OF PARAMETERS IN THE SETUP MEMORY (THE SETUP MODE)

The SETUP mode permits to edit the DLM-080 configuration parameters (as described in Table 1).

The device will switch to the SET-UP mode after selecting the F00 special function. The following will be displayed after selecting this function:

- word **CODE** in time display field
- words **SET UP** in channel 1 and 2 display field
- number 000 in channel 3 display field, and number 000 in channel 4 field



At this moment, by pressing the keys in channel 3 and 4 display field, enter access code to the SETUP memory (standard code is: 888 888).



In case if correct value is entered, the DLM-080 switches to the SETUP mode.

Word SETUP will be displayed, and:

- SETUP function number in channel 3 display field,
- SETUP value number in channel 4 display field.

Then take these steps:

• in order to modify function number press the



• in order to modify function value press the



#### 3.3.1 SET UP memory reset and setting of initial parameters

In order to initialise the DLM-080 and reset the recording memory, take the following steps (while remaining in the SETUP mode):

• press the key and hold it until the 00:00 symbol is shown on the realtime display; execution of this operation results in resetting of all configuration values, the recording memory and preset standard values of the SETUP function.

#### 3.3.2 Exiting the SETUP mode

• press the key (the SET EEP message will be displayed, and at the same time configuration parameters will be stored in memory).

#### 3.4 The MEASURE Mode

This mode permits to preset for individual channels the measure of displayed / controlled physical quantity, e.g. (°C, bar, %, etc.), which will be displayed in the measure display field. In order to switch to the MEASURE [WYMIAR] mode, select the F01 special function:

• then (as appropriate for a selected channel) set the measure of the measured /

controlled quantity by pressing the key.

Follow the sequence below in order to change the display



Attention! The above applies only to standard version of the Recorder.

#### 3.4.1 Exiting the MEASURE mode

• press the key (the SET EEP message will be displayed, and at the same time configuration parameters will be stored in memory).

#### 3.5 MEASUREMENT CHANNEL SCALING, THE -SERVICE- MODE

#### ATTENTION: <u>Prior to commencement of measurement channel tuning, check</u> whether location of switches defining type of input is in compliance with guidelines...!

In order to scale (set zero and amplify) indications in individual measurement channels it is necessary to switch to the SERVICE mode by selecting the F02 special function.

The following information will be displayed after selecting this function :

- readout from the AC converter in the real-time clock display field
- letters ch. and measurement channel number in channel no. 1 display field
- readout value in units matching the configuration (in channel no. 2 display field)

• then, in case if channel is defined as 0.20 mA or 4.20 mA input, channel no. 4 display field will show value indicated for 0 mA (4 mA) current, and channel no. 6 display field will show value indicated for 20 mA current.

#### 3.5.1 Change of active measurement channel

• in order to change currently active measurement channel press



#### 3.5.2 Measurement channel tuning procedure for the PT-100 input.

# ATTENTION: <u>Check position of measurement input type switch on the back panel</u> <u>of the Recorder.</u>

 $\underline{1}$  - select channel to tune by pressing the keys in channel 1 display field.

<u>2</u> - preset model signal value (0°C; Ro=100  $\Omega$ ) or place sensing element in water and ice mix, which permits additional correction of sensing element error.

 $\underline{3}$  - carry out correction of zero by pressing the key in channel 1 display field.

(in order to cancel the correction press the *key* in channel 2 display field)

completed correction will be indicated by blinking of the diode built-in in the  $\mathbf{A}$ 

key in channel 2 display field.

 $\underline{\mathbf{4}}$  - preset model signal value in a selected point of the PT-100 sensor characteristic curve.

Recommended values are:

-  $R100 = 138.5 \Omega$  - which corresponds to the indication of 100 °C

then, by turning potentiometers (for respective channels

Ch1,Ch2,Ch3,Ch4,Ch5,Ch6,Ch7,Ch8) on the back panel of the Recorder, ensure that correct read out value is being displayed.



#### 3.5.3 Measurement channel tuning procedure for the 0..20,4..20mA input

 $\underline{1}$  - select channel to tune by pressing the display field.

keys in cha

keys in channel 1

<u>2</u> - preset model signal value, e.g. <u>20mA</u>

 $\underline{3}$  - enter indicated value for 0 mA (4 mA) current by pressing the  $\angle$  keys in channel 4 display field.

 $\underline{4}$  - enter indicated value for model signal by pressing the keys in channel 6 display field (e.g. 20 mA)

5 - as soon as the above-mentioned operations are complete, carry out correction of

amplification by pressing the key in channel 2 display field.

(in order to cancel the correction press the key in channel 2 display field)

completed correction will be indicated by blinking of the diode built-in in the  $\mathbf{h}$ 

key in channel 2 display field.

Attention ! Do not carry out correction of zero for the 0..20 mA, 4..20 mA input !

#### 3.5.3 Saving corrections in memory, exiting the SERVICE mode

Press the key in order to exit the service mode and to save correction value.

#### 4. THE DLM-080 RECORDER MEASUREMENT AND CONTROL CHANNELS

The DLM-080 Recorder enables to define channel type for each of the channels as:

- a) the **PT-100** measurement channel (measurement range from -99.9 to +399.9° C, scale interval 0.1 ° C)
- b) the **0..20 mA** measurement channel (measurement range from -99 to 999)
- c) the **4..20 mA** measurement channel (measurement range from -99 to 999)
- d) a second-meter (range from 0 to 999)
- e) a minute-meter (range from 0 to 999)

- f) an hour-meter (range from 0 to 999)
- g) multivibrator (second or minute or hour base)

#### 4.1 THE PT-100 MEASUREMENT CHANNEL

In case if a measurement channel is defined as PT-100, readout values will be displayed in a dynamic way, that is:

- within range from -99.9 to -10.0 with accuracy of 1 °C
- within range from -9.9 to +99.9 with accuracy of 0.1 °C
- within range from +100.0 to +399.9 with accuracy of 1 °C

#### 4.2 THE 0..20 (4..20) mA MEASUREMENT CHANNEL

In case if a measurement channel is defined as 0..20 (4..20) mA, readout values will be displayed according to the value of the F54-F61(SETUP) function.

that is:

- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{3}$ , then display range is  $\underline{0.00}$  to  $\underline{9.99}$  (0..20 mA)
- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{4}$ , then display range is <u>00.0</u> to <u>99.9</u> (0..20 mA)
- if F54-F61 = 5, then display range is <u>000</u> to <u>999</u> (0..20 mA)
- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{6}$ , then display range is  $\underline{0.00}$  to  $\underline{9.99}$  (4..20 mA)
- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{7}$ , then display range is <u>00.0</u> to <u>99.9</u> (4..20 mA)
- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{8}$ , then display range is <u>000</u> to <u>999</u> (4..20 mA)

#### 4.3 CHANNEL AS TIME-METER

In case if a measurement channel is defined as time-meter, then method of time metering will be defined in the F38-F40 (SETUP) functions, that is:

- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{11}$ , then second-meter
- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{12}$ , then minute-meter
- if F54-F61 =  $\underline{13}$ , then hour-meter

Moreover, it is necessary to define in the F62-F69 functions the method for time-meter release, that is:

• F62-F69 =  $\underline{0}$  time-meter reset, and it is released "manually" after pressing and

holding the key (for proper channel) for approximately 2[s].

•  $F62-F69 = \underline{1}$  then, if Tini contact closed, time-meter counts down until reaching the set value, if time-meter reaches the set value and Tini contact opens, then the

time-meter will be reset to zero and as soon as Tini contact closes the count down will be repeated, if the time-meter does not reach the set value and Tini contact will open, time count down will stop and as soon as Tini contact closes the count down will be further repeated

• F62-F69 = 2 then - if Tini contact closed, time-meter counts down until reaching the set value – each opening of the Tini contact will result in resetting the time-meter to zero and as soon as Tini contact closes again, the count down will go on

ATTENTION: Reaction to change of Tini contact state takes approximately 3 seconds !

In order to connect Tini contact follow the procedure described on the DLM-080 back panel!

In order to ensure correct work of the channel as time-meter, the To(n) value saved in the F14 - F21 cells and referring to work of the channel as a multivibrator must be equal.

#### 4.4 CHANNEL AS MULTIVIBRATOR

The DLM-080 enables to declare relay output as a multivibrator operating according to the algorithm shown below.



where:

- n channel number
- PROG(n) state of diode in the PROG key for channel n
- RE(n) state of relay for channel n
- tz(n) preset time for channel n
- To(n) multivibrator period for channel n given in the F14-F21 SETUP functions
- $\tau$  time in compliance with definition in the F14-F21 SETUP functions

Press and hold the key for approximately 3 sec. to reset time-meter and start the time count-down process (diode built-in in the key is on). Press the key in order to stop time count-down. Press the key to restart channel operation as a multivibrator.

#### 4.5 CONTROLLER RELAY OUTPUTS

As a standard the DLM-080 uses the algorithm of on-off controller with hysteresis. The hysteresis value must be specified in the F14-F29 (SETUP) functions. Depending on parameter setting in functions F30-F37 it is possible to define controller relay state as NR (normally open, algorithm 1) or NZ (normally closed, algorithm 2).

Press the key (for proper channel) in order to ensure that control for a given channel is carried out according to setting of the set value – the diode is on. In case if a

diode built-in in the key (for proper channel) is off, then the control channel is blocked and controller relay is open.



Wz - set value

Hg – "upper" hysteresis (F30-F45, SETUP)

Hd - "lower" hysteresis (F30-F45, SETUP)



Wz - set value

Hg - "upper" hysteresis (F14-F29, SETUP)

Hd - "lower" hysteresis (F14-F29, SETUP)



(Algorithm 3) 3-state controller according to algorithm

\* for F46  $\rightarrow$  REL9 ; for F47  $\rightarrow$  REL10 ; for F48  $\rightarrow$  REL11 ; for F49  $\rightarrow$  REL12

ATTENTION! In case if channel is defined as time-meter, relay contact state changes immediately after reaching the set value.

Blinking message in the MEASURE field indicates controller contact closed state!

#### 4.6 MODIFICATION OF CONTROLLER SET VALUE

Press the keys (for proper channel) in order to set and modify already set values for individual control channels. If any of these keys is pressed once, the set value will be displayed, which is indicated by blinking of the displayed value. The display will return automatically to read out value after approximately 2 seconds from the moment any key was pressed last time.

#### 5. HUMIDITY MEASUREMENT USING THE PSYCHROMETER METHOD

The Recorder permits humidity measurement using the psychrometer method. However, in order to make it possible it is necessary to follow guidelines listed below:

 if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F54 = 1) then "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 1 and "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 2

- 2. if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F55 = 1) then "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 2 and "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 1
- 3. if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F56 = 1) then "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 3 and "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 4
- 4. if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F57 = 1) then "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 4 and "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 3
- 5. if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F58 = 1) then "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 5 and "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 6
- 6. if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F59 = 1) then "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 6 and "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 5
- 7. if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F60 = 1) then "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 7 and "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 8
- 8. if channel 1 is declared as humidity readout, (F61 = 1) then "wet" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 8 and "dry" temperature sensor is connected to channel no. 7

#### 6. ALARMS

The DLM-080 Recorder enables setting of alarm thresholds in relation to set value. It is required to preset the alarm threshold value in the F70-F77 (SETUP) functions. In order

to activate alarm press the key in field of the channel, for which exceeded threshold value is to be signalled. In case if value = 0 is set in the F70-F77 functions, threshold exceeding control is off, and alarm is off no matter what is current state of the



Blinking diodes in the keys (for proper channels) and intermittent signal on the RE9 relay output indicate occurrence of an alarm.

Alarm enable unit, which is preset in SETUP (**F70-F77** cells), depends on measurement resolution !

E.g.: Channel 4 is defined as temperature measurement carried out with the Pt-100 sensor. Measurement resolution (accuracy) is  $0.1^{\circ}$ C. Set value: 27 °C. In order to activate alarm in the F73 cell value 5 has been entered. Then alarm will be activated as soon as read out temperature value exceeds 27.5°C.

#### 7. CO-OPERATION OF THE RECORDER WITH MASTER COMPUTER (RS-485)

In order to connect the Recorder to master computer (RS-485) it is necessary to make suitable connections between the Recorder and master computer according to Drawing No. 1, and then to install the DLM-SIMPLE communication application. Each DLM-080 recorder connected to master computer with the RS-485 network shall have attributed its own number in the RS-485 network (0-31). Specify this number in the F00 (SETUP) function.

In case, if there are two or more recorders in the network, which have the same network number attributed, communication with these recorders will be impossible !

#### 8. **PRINTING OF RECORDS**

Printing data transmission to printer is carried out through the RS-232 serial connector, with the following transmission parameters :

- transmission speed: 9600 BAUD
- no parity control
- 8 data bits

• 1 stop bit

Correct method of making cable connections is shown on Drawing 2

Press the PRINT

key in order to print the recording heading and current readouts.

Press the key and hold it for approximately 2 [s] (diode built-in in the key is on) in order to make periodic printouts of data from the recorder.

In this case the recording heading will be printed and readouts from the recorder will be printed with frequency specified in the F05 (SETUP) function.



Press the key again, holding it for approximately 2 [s], in order to disable periodic printout option.

#### 9. KEYBOARD INTERLOCK

The DLM-080 enables interlocking of keyboard in order to protect it against access of unauthorised persons, which is obtained in the following way :





#### INTERLOCK DISABLE

- press and hold the key in the display field of channel no. 2
- press and hold the key in the display field of channel no. 5
- release the key in the display field of channel no. 2
- release the key in the display field of channel no. 5

Word **OPEN.** will be displayed in the real-time display field

ATTENTION ! In case if keyboard interlock is on, pressing of any key results in word **CLOS.** being displayed in the real-time display field, and set values for all channels are shown.

#### *10. EXAMPLES HOW TO CONFIGURE THE DLM-080*

#### 10.1 CHANNEL No. 5 AS THE PT100 MEASUREMENT INPUT

The procedure:

1- set position of the A/D converter input type switch (back panel of the Recorder, the switch in lower position)



2- turn on the Recorder

**3-** switch to the SETUP mode





SET key (the Recorder displays will show [CODE set-up]) press the

keys in the display field of channel no. 3 until 888 keep pressing the is shown

keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until 888 keep pressing the

is shown SE1

key (the following will be displayed: SET-UP, function number - F00, press the and function value)

4- define channel (5) as the PT-100 type

keep pressing the

is shown

keys in the display field of channel no. 3 until F58

keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until **0** is keep pressing the shown

SET key (parameters will be stored in memory) press the

5- switch to the SERVICE mode

key (a diode built-in in the key blinks) - press the

SET - press the key and hold it for approximately 3 sec.

(After 3 seconds the symbol F-00 will be displayed in the real-time display field.)

keys in the real time field until **F-02** is shown keep pressing the

SET key (information specified in Point 3.6 will be displayed) press the

keys in the display field of channel no. 1 until ch5 keep pressing the is shown



6- connect model resistor R0=100  $\Omega$  to Recorder terminals nos. 67,68,69



#### 7- carry out correction of zero for the converter

- press the key in the display field of channel no. 2 (a diode in the key blinks)

#### 8- connect model resistor R100=138.5 $\Omega$ to Recorder terminals nos. 67,68,69



#### 9- carry out correction of amplification for the converter

- turn the ch5 potentiometer on the back panel of the controller



until 100 value is shown (on the display of channel no. 2)

10- finish configuring measurement channel no. 5

- press the key (parameters will be stored in memory)

#### 10.2 CHANNEL No. 8 AS THE 0..20 mA MEASUREMENT INPUT

#### (with measured values ranging from 100 to 500)

The procedure:

1- set position of the A/D converter input type switch (back panel of the Recorder, the switch in upper position)



Mi()ī





7- preset displayed value [100] for the I=0mA current

keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until 100 keep pressing the is shown

8- preset displayed value [500] for the I=20mA current



keys in the display field of channel no. 6 until 500 keep pressing the is shown



#### 9- carry out correction of amplification for the converter

- press the key in the display field of channel no. 2 (a diode in the key blinks)

10- finish configuring measurement channel no. 8

- press the key (parameters will be stored in memory)

#### 10.3 CHANNEL No. 2 AS THE 4..20 mA MEASUREMENT INPUT

#### (with measured values ranging from 5.50 to 8.00)

The procedure:

1- set position of the A/D converter input type switch (back panel of the Recorder, the switch in upper position)



2- turn on the Recorder

3- switch to the SETUP mode

press the F1 key (a diode built-in in the key blinks)
press the key and hold it for approximately 3 sec.

(After 3 seconds the symbol **F-00** will be displayed in the real-time display field.)

- keep pressing the keys in the real time field until **F-00** is shown

press the key (the Recorder displays will show [CODE set-up])

- keep pressing the keys in the display field of channel no. 3 until 888 is shown





IN

CH 1

IN

CH 2

Πίζζε

25

#### 7- preset displayed value [5.50] for the I=4mA current

keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until 5.50 keep pressing the is shown

#### 8- preset displayed value [8.00] for the I=20mA current

keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until 8.00 keep pressing the is shown

#### 9- carry out correction of amplification for the converter

key in the display field of channel no. 2 (a diode in the - press the key blinks)

10- finish configuring measurement channel no. 2

SET key (parameters will be stored in memory) - press the

#### 10.4 **CHANNEL No.1 AS HOUR-METER**



The procedure:

1- set position of the A/D converter input type switch (back panel of the Recorder, the switch in lower position)



2- turn on the Recorder

3- switch to the SETUP mode



(After 3 seconds the symbol **F-00** will be displayed in the real-time display field.)



- press the key (the Recorder displays will show [CODE set-up])

keep pressing the keys

keys in the display field of channel no. 3 until 888

keep pressing the keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until 888

is shown

- press the (1) key (the following will be displayed: **SET-UP**, function number – **F00**, and function value)

4- set output type as hour-meter

keys in the display field of channel no. 3 until F54

keys in the display field of channel no. 3 until

- keep pressing the is shown

is shown

-

- keep pressing the keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until 13 is shown

5- set method of meter release

- repeat pressing the

**F62** is shown

- keep pressing the keys in the display field of channel no. 4 until **0** is shown

- press the key (parameters will be stored in memory)

6- finish configuring measurement channel no. 1

- press the key (parameters will be stored in memory)



#### 11. DLM-080 – SPECIAL APPLICATIONS

# 11.1 DLM-080 AS PARAMETER RECORDER USED AT POULTRY SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

Due to necessity to record technological parameters while slaughtering poultry it is possible to configure the DLM-080 so that it meets requirements set in this case.

Typical system hardware configuration required for recording the above-mentioned parameters is as follows:

- impulse sensor (counting number of pieces - quantity) - connection to 0/1 control input

- flowmeter (water meter) with 0..20mA current output; impulse sensor (counting number of pieces - quantity) – connection to 0/1 control input

#### THE SETUP FUNCTIONS – SPECIFICATION

FUNC- TION No.	TYPICAL VALUE	PARA- METER RANGE	FUNCTION DEFINITION	COMMENTS
F00	0	031	Recorder number in the RS-485 network	
F01	111	0999	First digit of safety code for CLOCK setting	
F02	111	0999	Second digit of safety code for CLOCK setting	
F03	888	0999	First digit of safety code for SETUP setting	
F04	888	0999	Second digit of safety code for SETUP setting	
F05	0 [min]	0255	Recording printing frequency	In case if F05=0 is set, printing is interlocked.
F06	1 [min]	0999	Digital recording frequency (the same for all channels)	
F07			Free	
F08			Free	
F09			Free	
F10			Free	
F11			Free	
F12			Free	
F13			Free	
F14	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $\underline{1}$ (see Point 4.4)	
F15	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $2$ (see Point 4.4)	
F16	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $\underline{3}$ (see Point 4.4)	
F17	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $\underline{4}$ (see Point 4.4)	
F18	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $5$ (see Point	



			4.4)	
F19	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>6</u> (see Point 4.4)	
F20	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $\underline{7}$ (see Point 4.4)	
F21	0	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>8</u> (see Point 4.4)	
F22	1.0		Meter constant	If the value set in setup function F85 is (1), then the real-time clock display shows value obtained from impulse counter according to the formula:
				Displayed value = quantity
F23	0	01	Transmission protocol	
F24	0	01	Temperature unit	0-celcius
				1-fahrenhait
F25	0		Free	
F26	0		Free	
F27	0		Free	
F28	0		Free	
F29	0		Free	
F30	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>1</u> .	Depending on measurement input type :
				For PT-100 F30=2 corresponds to 0.2°C; for 020mA (420mA) F30=2 corresponds to 0.02/00.2/002 of measured value (depending on configuration)
F31	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>1</u> .	Depending on measurement input type :
				For PT-100 F31=2 corresponds to 0.2°C; for 020mA (420mA) F31=2 corresponds to 0.02/00.2/002 of measured value (depending on configuration)
F32	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>2</u> .	similarly as before
F33	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>2</u> .	similarly as before
F34	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>3</u> .	similarly as before
F35	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>3</u> .	similarly as before
F36	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for similarly as before CHANNEL <u>4</u> .	



-					
F37	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>4</u> .	similarly as before	
F38	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>5</u> .	similarly as before	
F39	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>5</u> .	similarly as before	
F40	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL 6.similarly as before		
F41	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>6</u> .	similarly as before	
F42	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>7</u> .	similarly as before	
F43	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>7</u> .	similarly as before	
F44	2	025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>8</u> .	similarly as before	
F45	2	025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>8</u> .	similarly as before	
F46	0	02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL <u>1</u>	F46=0 controller contact normally closed (algorithm 1) F46=1 controller contact normally open (algorithm 2)	
				Cell value = $2 \rightarrow 3$ -state controller (according to algorithm 3)	
F47	0	02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 2	as before	
F48	0	02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 3	as before	
F49	0	02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 4	as before	
F50	0	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL <u>5</u>	F50=0 controller contact normally closed (algorithm 1) F50=1 controller contact normally open (algorithm 2)	
F51	0	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 6	as before	
F52	0	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 7	as before	
F53	0	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 8	as before	
F54	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>1</u>	Definition: 0 – PT-100 RANGE: (- 99,0400,0); 1 – RANGE OF HUMIDITY FROM PSYCHROMETER: 099	
				2 - NOT USED 3 - RANGE 0,009,99 (020mA) 4 - RANGE 00,099,9 (020mA) 5 - RANGE 000999 (020mA) 6 - RANGE 0,009,99 (420mA) 7 - RANGE 00.099,9	

				<ul> <li>(420mA)</li> <li>8 - RANGE 000999</li> <li>(420mA)</li> <li>9 - NOT USED</li> <li>10 - NOT USED</li> <li>11 - TIME RANGE: 0999</li> <li>SECONDS (forward counting)</li> <li>12 - TIME RANGE: 0999</li> <li>MINUTES (forward counting)</li> <li>13 - TIME RANGE: 0999</li> <li>HOURS (forward counting)</li> </ul>	
F55	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>2</u>	as before	
F56	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>3</u>	as before	
F57	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL $\underline{4}$	as before	
F58	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>5</u>	as before	
F59	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>6</u>	as before	
F60	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>7</u>	as before	
F61	0	013	Analogue input type definition and display range as before definition for CHANNEL <u>8</u>		
F62	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>1</u> defined as time-meter (F38)	0 – time-meter initiating (PROG+2seconds) 1 – while time-meter is counting and <u>Tini</u> contact opens, counting will be stopped. Closing the contact again will result in continuation of time metering. In case if time-meter reaches set value, after opening <u>Tini</u> contact the time-meter will be reset to zero. Closing the contact again will make the time-meter start counting.	
				2 – if <u>Tini</u> contact opens, time- meter will be reset to zero. Closing the contact again will make the time-meter start counting.	
F63	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>2</u> defined as time-meter (F39)	as before	
F64	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>3</u> defined as time-meter (F40)	as before	
F65	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>4</u> defined as time-meter (F41)	as before	
F66	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>5</u> defined as time-meter (F42)	as before	
F67	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>6</u> defined as time-meter (F43)	EL <u>6</u> defined as as before	
F68	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>7</u> defined as as before		

			time-meter (F44)		
F69	0	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL $\underline{8}$ defined as	as before	
			time-meter (F45)		
F70	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 1. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F71	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 2. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F72	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 3. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F73	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 4. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F74	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 5. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F75	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 6. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F76	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 7. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F77	0	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 8. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.		
F78			Free		
F79			Free		
F80	0	01	PT-100 measurement range	0 – range up to 400°C	
				1 – range up to 600°C	
F81	0	01	Recording base	0 – seconds	
				1 – minutes	
F82	0	01	Digital filter for the AC converter on / off	0 – filter off	
				1 – filter on	
F83	1	01	Transmission speed	0–9600 bps	
				1-19200 bps	
				(THE ONLY TRANSMISSION SPEED AVAILABLE FOR MODBUS RTU PROTOCOL IS 9600; SET PROPER VALUE)	
F84	0	0/1	Printing base	0 – seconds	
				1 – minutes	
F85	0	01	Clock / time-meter	"0"- displays real-time clock	
				"1" – displays impulse counter on the 0/1 24V DC input	
F86	0	01	Relay status – REL 9	"0" – relay as an alarm signalling device	



	•			
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3-state algorithm for channel 1
F87	0	01	Relay status – REL 10	"0" – relay off
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3-state algorithm for channel 2
F88	0	01	Relay status – REL 11	"0" – relay as an alarm signalling device
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3-state algorithm for channel 3
F89	0	01	Relay status – REL 12       "0" – relay as an alarm signalling device	
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3-state algorithm for channel 4
F 90	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 1	"0" – actual value at the moment of recording
				"1" – average value in sampling period (measurement every two seconds)
				"2" – maximum value
				"3" – minimum value
				Functions are inactive when seconds are the time base
F 91	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 2	
F 92	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 3	
F 93	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 4	
F 94	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 5	
F 95	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 6	
F 96	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 7	
F 97	0	03	Measurement processing type for channel 8	
F 98		01	Impulse counter recording on / off	0 – Impulse counter recording off
				1 – Impulse counter recording on
				Attention ! If impulse counter recording is on then it takes memory area normally used by measurement channel no. 8, that is in this case measurements from channel 8 cannot be registered !!!
F 99		0999	Time of measurement cycle end	

Other SETUP functions are not used in current recorder version !!!



#### **MODBUS RTU**

The DLM-080 digital recorder communicates with master systems through two-wire serial link (RS-485) using two transmission protocols: MIKSTER-BUS (protocol used in-house by MIKSTER) and MODBUS RTU.

#### MODBUS RTU FRAME

T1 T2 T3	Device Address	Function	Data	Control Total	T1 T2 T3
				CRC-16	
	8 bit	8 bit	n x 8 bit	16 bit	

Functions available from the DLM-080 recorder using the MODBUS protocol:

Function number	Definition
0	Reserved
1	Reserved
2	Reserved
3	Reserved
4	Readout of DLM-080 records
564	Reserved
65	RTC clock setting in the DLM-080
66	Setting of highlighted measure using the DLM-080 keyboard
67	Transmission of SETUP settings to the DLM-080
68	Clearing of recording buffer
69255	Reserved

# Function 4 (Recorder Register Reading)

Byte number	Value / variable	Definition
1	ADDEV	Slave address in the rs485 network (range 132)
2	04 (04h )	Function number
3	Adres_h	(h) address of the beginning of currently read out register block
4	Adres_I	(I) address of the beginning of currently read out register block
5	Długość_H	Number of two-byte registers
6	Długość_l	
7	CRC_h	Control total CRC-16
8	CRC_I	

#### Master >>> Slave

#### Master <<< Slave

Byte number	Value / variable	Definition
1	ADDEV	Slave address in the rs485 network (range 031)
2	04 (04h )	Function number
3	ByteCNT	Byte counter
4	Rej 0	Block of data (registers) determined by start
5	rej 1	address and data volume in a frame sent by MASTER device
n+2	rej n	
n+3	CRC_H	Control total
n+4	CRC_L	



# Function 65 (Real-time Clock – RTC Setting)

### Master >>> Slave

Byte number	Value / variable	Range	Definition
1	ADDEV	031	Slave address in the rs485 network
2	65 (41h)	0255	Function number
3	RTC_rok	0099	Year
4	RTC_miesiąc	112	Month
5	RTC_dzień	131	Day
6	RTC_ godzina	023	Hour
7	RTC_ minuta	059	Minute
8	RTC_ sekunda	059	Second
9	CRC_h	0255	CRC-16 control total
10	CRC_I	0255	



# Function 66 (Measure)

Byte number	Value / variable	Range	Definition
1	ADDEV	031	Slave address in the rs485 network
2	66 (42h)	0255	Function number
3	Wym_kan_1	03	0- ℃ 1- % 2- bar 3- "clock"
4	Wym_kan_2	03	As before
5	Wym_kan_3	03	As before
6	Wym_kan_4	03	As before
7	Wym_kan_5	03	As before
8	Wym_kan_6	03	As before
9	Wym_kan_7	03	As before
10	Wym_kan_8	03	As before
11	CRC_h	0255	CRC-16 control total
12	CRC_I	0255	

#### Master >>> Slave



## Function 67 (Saving Setup Parameters)

Byte number	Value / variable	Range	Definition
1	ADDEV	031	Slave address in the rs485 network
2	67 (43h)	0255	Function number
3	Setup_Reg	0255	Block of setup registers transmitted from
			MASTER to SLAVE, length: 128 bytes.
			Data format same as SETUP area in the memory
130			map.
131	CRC_h	0255	CRC-16 control total
132	CRC_I	0255	

### Master >>> Slave

## Function 68 (Clearing of Recording Buffer)

#### Master >>> Slave

Byte number	Value / variable	Range	Definition
1	ADDEV	031	Slave address in the rs485 network
2	68 (44h)	0255	Function number
3	CRC_h	0255	CRC-16 control total
4	CRC_I	0255	



ADDRESS	Definition	Range	Format
0000H	RTC – second	059	
0001H	RTC – minute	059	
0002H	RTC – hour	023	
0003H	RTC – day	1.31	
0004H	RTC – month	112	
0005H	RTC – YEAR	0.99	
0006H	reserved		
0007H	reserved		
0008H	reserved		
0009H	reserved		
000AH	reserved		
000BH	reserved		
000CH	reserved		
000DH	reserved		
000EH	reserved		
000FH	reserved		
0010H	Set value (L); Channel 1	0255	Set value for Channel 1 is stored in four
0011H	Set value (H); Channel 1	0255	successive memory bytes in the following format:
0012H	Set value (HH); Channel 1	0255	Set value (real) = [Wz(hhh) Wz(hh) Wz(h)
0013H	Set value (HHH); Channel 1	0255	Wz(I)]/1000
0014H	As before for channel 2	0255	As before for channel 2
0015H			
0016H	-		
0017H			
0018H	As before for channel 3	0255	As before for channel 3
0019H	-		
001AH	-		
001BH			
001CH	As before for channel 4	0255	As before for channel 4
001DH	-		
001EH	-		
001FH			
0020H	As before for channel 5	0255	As before for channel 5
0021H			
0022H	-		
0023H			
0024H	As before for channel 6	0255	As before for channel 6
0025H			
0026H			
0027H			
0028H	As before for channel 7	0255	As before for channel 7
0029H			
002AH			

#### The Memory Map : Multipurpose Registers



	1	1	1
002BH			
002CH	As before for channel 8	0255	As before for channel 8
002DH			
002EH			
002FH			
0030H	Read out value (L); Channel 1	0255	Set value for Channel 1 is stored in four
0031H	Read out value (H); Channel 1	0255	successive memory bytes in the following format:
0032H	Read out value (HH); Channel 1	0255	Read out value (real) =
0033H	Read out value (HHH); Channel 1	0255	[Wo(hhh) Wo(hh) Wo(h) Wo(l)]/1000
0034H	As before for channel 2	0255	As before for channel 2
0035H			
0036H			
0037H			
0038H	As before for channel 3	0255	As before for channel 3
0039H			
003AH			
003BH			
003CH	As before for channel 4	0255	As before for channel 4
003DH			
003EH			
003FH			
0040H	As before for channel 5	0255	As before for channel 5
0041H			
0042H			
0043H			
0044H	As before for channel 6	0255	As before for channel 6
0045H			
0046H			
0047H			
0048H	As before for channel 7	0255	As before for channel 7
0049H			
004AH			
004BH			
004CH	As before for channel 8	0255	As before for channel 8
004DH			
004EH			
004FH			
0050H007F	Reserved		
0080H	State of output relays [SP(L)]	00000000B11111111B	Two registers, in which current state of
			relay outputs is indicated.
			0B – relay off 1B – relay on
			SP(H) SP(L)
			xxxx0000 00000000 > Rel. 0 Rel. 12 >>
0081H	State of output relavs (SP(H))		

# The Memory Map: SETUP

Address	FUNCTION No.	VALUE	PARA- METER RANGE	FUNCTION DEFINITION	COMMENTS
0200h	F00	(L)	032	Recorder number in the RS-485 network	
0201h		(H)			
0202h	F01	(L)	0999	First digit of safety code for CLOCK setting	
0203h		(H)			
0204h	F02	(L)	0999	Second digit of safety code for CLOCK setting	
0205h		(H)			
0206h	F03	(L)	0999	First digit of safety code for SETUP setting	
0207h		(H)			
0208h	F04	(L)	0999	Second digit of safety code for SETUP setting	
0209h		(H)			
020Ah	F05	(L)	0255	Recording printing frequency	In case if F05=0 is set, printing is interlocked
020Bh		(H)			interioexed.
020Ch	F06	(L)	0999	Digital recording frequency (the same for all channels)	
020Dh		(H)			
020Eh	F07	(L)		Free	
020Fh		(H)			
0210h	F08	(L)		Free	
0211h		(H)			
0212h	F09	(L)		Free	
0213h		(H)			
0214h	F10	(L)		Free	
0215h		(H)			
0216h	F11	(L)		Free	
0217h		(H)			
0218h	F12	(L)		Free	
0219h		(H)			
021Ah	F13	(L)		Free	
021Bh		(H)			
021Ch	F14	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>1</u> (see Point 4.4)	
021Dh		(H)			
021Eh	F15	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>2</u> (see Point 4.4)	
021Fh		(H)			



0220h	F16	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>3</u> (see Point 4.4)	
0221h		(H)			
0222h	F17	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $\underline{4}$ (see Point 4.4)	
0223h		(H)			
0224h	F18	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>5</u> (see Point 4.4)	
0225h		(H)			
0226h	F19	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL $\underline{6}$ (see Point 4.4)	
0227h		(H)			
0228h	F20	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>7</u> (see Point 4.4)	
0229h		(H)			
022Ah	F21	(L)	0999	The <i>To</i> time length for CHANNEL <u>8</u> (see Point 4.4)	
022Bh		(H)			
022Ch	F22	(L)		Meter constant	If the value set in setup function F85 is (1), then the real-time clock display shows value obtained from impulse counter according to the formula:
					Displayed value = quantity
022Dh		(H)			
022Eh	F23	(L)	0.1	Transmission protocol	0 – MIKSTER-BUS
					1 – MODBUS RTU
					(THE ONLY TRANSMISSION SPEED AVAILABLE FOR MODBUS RTU PROTOCOL IS 9600; SET PROPER VALUE IN FUNCTION F-83)
022Fh		(H)			
0230h	F24	(L)		Free	
0231h		(H)			
0232h	F25	(L)		Free	
0233h		(H)			
0234h	F26	(L)		Free	
0235h		(H)			
0236h	F27	(L)		Free	
0237h		(H)			
0238h	F28	(L)		Free	
0239h		(H)			



			-		
023Ah	F29	(L)		Free	
023Bh		(H)			
023Ch	F30		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>1</u> .	Depending on measurement input type :
					For PT-100 F30=2 corresponds to 0.2°C; for 020mA (420mA) F30=2 corresponds to 0.02/00.2/002 of measured value (depending on configuration)
023Dh	F31		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>1</u> .	Depending on measurement input type :
					For PT-100 F31=2 corresponds to 0.2°C; for 020mA (420mA) F31=2 corresponds to 0.02/00.2/002 of measured value (depending on configuration)
023Eh	F32		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>2</u> .	similarly as before
023Fh	F33		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>2</u> .	similarly as before
0240h	F34		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>3</u> .	similarly as before
0241h	F35		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>3</u> .	similarly as before
0242h	F36		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>4</u> .	similarly as before
0243h	F37		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL $\underline{4}$ .	similarly as before
0244h	F38		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>5</u> .	similarly as before
0245h	F39		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>5</u> .	similarly as before
0246h	F40		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>6</u> .	similarly as before
0247h	F41		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>6</u> .	similarly as before
0248h	F42		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>7</u> .	similarly as before
0249h	F43		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>7</u> .	similarly as before
024Ah	F44		025.5	The controller's lower hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>8</u> .	similarly as before
024Bh	F45		025.5	The controller's upper hysteresis value for CHANNEL <u>8</u> .	similarly as before
024Ch	F46		02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL <u>1</u>	F46=0 controller contact normally closed (algorithm 1) F46=1 controller contact normally open (algorithm 2)
1		1			Cell value = $2 \rightarrow 3$ -state controller



				(according to algorithm 3)
024Dh	F47	02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 2	as before
024Eh	F48	02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 3	as before
024Fh	F49	02	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 4	as before
0250h	F50	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL <u>5</u>	F50=0 controller contact normally closed (algorithm 1) F50=1 controller contact normally open (algorithm 2)
0251h	F51	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL <u>6</u>	as before
0252h	F52	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 7	as before
0253h	F53	01	Controller output definition for CHANNEL 8	as before
0254h	F54	013	Analogue input type definition and display	Definition:
			range definition for CHANNEL <u>1</u>	0 – PT-100 RANGE: (- 99,0400,0); 1 – RANGE OF HUMIDITY FROM PSYCHROMETER: 099
				2 - NOT USED 3 - RANGE 0,009,99 (020mA) 4 - RANGE 00,099,9 (020mA) 5 - RANGE 000999 (020mA) 6 - RANGE 0,009,99 (420mA) 7 - RANGE 00,099,9 (420mA) 8 - RANGE 000999 (420mA) 9 - NOT USED 10 - NOT USED 10 - NOT USED 11 - TIME RANGE: 0999 SECONDS (forward counting) 12 - TIME RANGE: 0999 MINUTES (forward counting) 13 - TIME RANGE: 0999 HOURS (forward counting)
0255h	F55	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>2</u>	as before
0256h	F56	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>3</u>	as before
0257h	F57	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>4</u>	as before
0258h	F58	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>5</u>	as before
0259h	F59	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>6</u>	as before
025Ah	F60	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>7</u>	as before
025Bh	F61	013	Analogue input type definition and display range definition for CHANNEL <u>8</u>	as before
025Ch	F62	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>1</u> defined as time-meter (F38)	0 – time-meter initiating (PROG+2seconds)

				1 – while time-meter is counting and <u>Tini</u> contact opens, counting will be stopped. Closing the contact again will result in continuation of time metering. In case if time- meter reaches set value, after opening <u>Tini</u> contact the time-meter will be reset to zero. Closing the contact again will make the time- meter start counting.
				2 – if <u>Tini</u> contact opens, time- meter will be reset to zero. Closing the contact again will make the time-meter start counting.
025Dh	F63	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>2</u> defined as time-meter (F39)	as before
025Eh	F64	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>3</u> defined as time-meter (F40)	as before
025Fh	F65	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>4</u> defined as time-meter (F41)	as before
0260h	F66	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>5</u> defined as time-meter (F42)	as before
0261h	F67	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>6</u> defined as time-meter (F43)	as before
0262h	F68	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>7</u> defined as time-meter (F44)	as before
0263h	F69	02	Procedure of operation for CHANNEL <u>8</u> defined as time-meter (F45)	as before
0264h	F70	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 1. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
0265h	F71	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 2. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
0266h	F72	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 3. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
0267h	F73	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 4. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
0268h	F74	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 5. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
0269h	F75	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 6. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
026Ah	F76	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 7. Alarm will	



			indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
026Bh	F77	0255	Allowable difference between set value and read out value for channel 8. Alarm will indicate cases, when this difference is exceeded.	
026Ch	F78		Free	
026Dh	F79		Free	
026Eh	F80	01	PT-100 measurement range	0 – range up to 400°C
				1 – range up to 600°C
026Fh	F81	01	Recording base	0 – seconds
				1 – minutes
0270h	F82	01	Digital filter for the AC converter on / off	0 – filter off
				1 – filter on
0271h	F83	01	Transmission speed	0–9600 bps
				1 – 19200 bps
				(THE ONLY TRANSMISSION SPEED AVAILABLE FOR MODBUS RTU PROTOCOL IS 9600, SET PROPER VALUE)
0272h	F84	0/1	Printing base	0 – seconds
				1 – minutes
0273h	F85	01	Clock / time-meter	"0"- displays real-time clock
				"1" – displays impulse counter on the 0/1 24V DC input
0274h	F86	01	Relay status – REL 9	"0" – relay as an alarm signalling device
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3- state algorithm for channel 1
0275h	F87	01	Relay status – REL 10	"0" – relay off
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3- state algorithm for channel 2
0276h	F88	01	Relay status – REL 11	"0" – relay as an alarm signalling device
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3- state algorithm for channel 3
0277h	F89	01	Relay status – REL 12	"0" – relay as an alarm signalling device
				"1" – relay as the 3-rd state in a 3- state algorithm for channel 4
0278h	F 90	03	Measurement processing type for channel 1	"0" – actual value at the moment of recording
				"1" – average value in sampling period (measurement every two seconds)
				"2" – maximum value
				"3" – minimum value

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				Functions are inactive when seconds are the time base
0279h	F 91	03	Measurement processing type for channel 2	
027Ah	F 92	03	Measurement processing type for channel 3	
027Bh	F 93	03	Measurement processing type for channel 4	
027Ch	F 94	03	Measurement processing type for channel 5	
027Dh	F 95	03	Measurement processing type for channel 6	
027Eh	F 96	03	Measurement processing type for channel 7	
027Fh	F 97	03	Measurement processing type for channel 8	
0280h	F 98	01	Impulse counter recording on / off	
0281h	F 99	0999	Time of measurement cycle end	





DRAWING No. 1

CONNECTING THE DLM-080 RECORDER TO A PC COMPUTER

